Óbuda University Bánki Donát Faculty of Mechanical				l Institute o	Institute of Mechatronics and Vehicle	
and Safety Engineering				Engineeri	Engineering	
				Faculty of	f Mechanical and Safety	
				Engineeri	ing	
Lecture name and Neptun code: Heat and flow engineering BMXHAE2MNF Credits: 4						
Course type: Full-time						
Period: 2024/25 2nd semester						
Master course: Mechanical Engineering						
Lecturer:	Endre Ruszinkó, professor	•		<b>Practice:</b>		
Number of	sessions/week/term:	Lecture:	2		Practice: 0	
Weekly						
Exam/ course assignment: Midterm mark Lang				<b>guage:</b> English	1	
Course objective						
Goal of the course: Designed to develop an understanding of the phenomena of our everyday life via						
the laws of physics. Includes topics in mechanics, flow- and thermodynamics, and other physics						
subfields.						
<b>Thematics:</b> The first and second laws of thermodynamics.						
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	Subjects				
Weeks	Lectures	Practices			
1	Introduction. Fluid properties: density and specific weight, viscosity, compressibility. Units.				
2	Conservation laws. Properties of an ideal gas. The first law of thermodynamics.				
3	Thermodynamic quantities: enthalpy, specific heat ratio. The second law of thermodynamics. Entropy.				
4	Isotropic, isochoric, isobaric, and adiabatic processes. p-V and T-s diagrams.				
5	Problem solutions.				
6	First Test				
7	Fluids in motion: Lagrangian and Eulerian description of motion. Fluids in motion: pathline, streamline, streamtube, streakline.				
8	The acceleration of a fluid particle (substantial and material derivative). Reynolds transport theorem.				
9	Fluids in motion: angular velocity and vorticity. Fluids in motion: the deformation of a particle; rate-of-strain tensor.				
10	10. Classification of fluid flows: one-, two-, and three-dimensional flows. Viscous and inviscid flows.				
11	Laminar and turbulent flows, Reynolds number. Incompressible and compressible flows. Darcy-Weisbach formula.				
12	11. The Bernoulli equation (along a streamline). Total head, static pressure, total pressure.				
13	12. Piezometer, Pitot probe, Pitot static probe. Summary.				
14	Second Test				

Semester week	Test
6th	First test
14th	Second test
Course assessments:	
Week No. 6 and Week No. 14 tests in writing.	
You have to fulfill the requirements of the tests	
in writing in the 7 <sup>th</sup> and 14 <sup>th</sup> weeks (both tests	
need to be minimum pass marks) and	
participate in lecture and practice classes.	
Evaluation happens by scoring. The tasks are	
theoretical and practical. Participation in the	
practices is mandatory.	
The midterm mark is calculated using the	
average test results. Midterm	
mark=(Tes1+Test2)/2	
<u>Intervals of the grade</u> :	
under 50%: 1 (unsatisfying)	
50-62,5 %: 2 (pass mark)	
62,5-75 %: 3 (satisfactory mark)	
75-87,5 % 4 (class)	
87,5-100% 5 (Excellence)	
In the case of an unsatisfying midterm mark,	
you can take a midterm grade replacement	
exam.	

**The supplement's method:** You can take a midterm grade replacement exam only once, set out by the tutor, in the first 10 days of the exam period, with the payment of the examination fee. This is a writing exam covering the whole curriculum. The examination method is writing.

## **Compulsory literature**

- Merle C. Potter, David C. Wiggert, Bassem Ramadan, Mechanics of Fluids, 2012, Cengage Learning.
- John R. Howell, Richard O. Buckius, Fundamentals of Engineering Thermodynamics, 1992.
- McGraw-Hill, Inc. Pijush K. Kundu, Ira M. Cohen, David R. Dowling, Fluid Mechanics, 2012. Elsevier.

## Quality assurance methods of the subject:

- The standard of theoretical and practical education is annually overviewed at an institution's conference based on the feedback of the teachers and students. They assess the subject's success and make suggestions for necessary changes to maintain the interaction between theory and practical training.

Endre Ruszinkó Subject Leader Lecturer